

COMPOSITION HARMONISEE DU SECOND SEMESTRE

Text : Senegal is fighting human trafficking and smuggling of migrants

Trafficking in persons and smuggling of migrants are two growing issues in West Africa that threaten the human security and economic development of populations. These two phenomena particularly affect Senegal, which is both a destination country for victims of trafficking in persons coming from **the region** and a country of origin for migrants wishing to join Europe.

The victims of trafficking in persons are generally trafficked to areas where the potential profit from their exploitation is the highest. Best-known forms of exploitation include sexual exploitation, forced labour, exploitation through begging and organ trafficking. In Senegal, forced child begging is one of the main forms of exploitation in the country. "Talibés" (children enrolled in Koranic schools called "Daras") are sometimes trafficked from the Gambia, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Mali and Mauritania to Senegal and forced to beg in the streets of major cities such as Dakar, the capital.

Moreover, since several years, there has also been an increase in the phenomenon of forced prostitution in the south-east of Senegal, in the region of Kédougou. Hundreds of young women from all over the region are being lured by false promises and trafficked to Senegal. The traffickers promise **them** jobs as models, hairdressers, waitresses or servants in Western countries. Victims are then transported via Benin, Togo and Mali before ending up on the gold mining site of Kédougou. Most of them had their travel documents confiscated and were then forced into prostitution on behalf of traffickers in order to reimburse the so-called travel expenses.

On 27 March 2017, UNODC, in partnership with World Vision Senegal, organized a campaign to raise awareness on sexual exploitation of girls and women at the gold panning sites in Kédougou. The caravan that was mobilized received wide media coverage thanks to the presence and involvement of the UNODC Goodwill Ambassador against trafficking in persons and smuggling of migrants in Senegal: Ms Coumba Gawlo Seck.

Thanks to the caravan, many victims have been able to speak out and tell their stories for the first time. They were heard by the singer who reacted as follows: "I was deeply saddened, moved and shocked by everything I saw **here**. I realized how human rights are being violated in Africa, especially women's rights. As a woman, I am deeply touched. Listening to **these girls**, I feel that their strongest desire is to return home and to recover their dignity."

SECOND TERM EXAM

I. READING COMPREHENSION (08 marks)

A. Word reference : Who or what do the underlined words in the text refer to? (2pts)

- 1. the region (line 4) :
- 2. them (line 16) :
- 3. here (line 29) :
- 4. these girls (line 31):

B. Sentence completion : Refer to the text to complete these sentences meaningfully and correctly. (1pt)

- 5. In West Africa, the human security and economic development of populations.....
.....
- 6. Returning home and recovering their dignity.....

C. Vocabulary in context : Find in the indicated paragraphs synonyms to these words in brackets. Use the right form of the word if need be. (2.5pts)

Kédougou belongs to (**places**)=.....(7)(p.2) where human trafficking is a reality. And the main victims are girls who are (**attracted**)=.....(8)(p.3) to that region by the promise of good jobs and high wages, but who finally indulge in prostitution to be able to (**pay back**)=.....(9)(p.3) traffickers. For the good of African countries, authorities should find quick solutions to that (**problem**)=.....(10)(p.1); otherwise it will continue to (**menace**)=.....(11)(p.1) the continent's development.

D. Cloze : Fill in the gaps with words taken from the text. (2.5pts)

.....(12), like other African countries, is not spared by.....(13)trafficking. It is worth mentioning that the principal victims are children and.....(14)women.(15) take advantage of them by asking them respectively to beg and to prostitute themselves. So it is time Western countries joined forces to fight.....(16)the phenomenon.

II. COMMUNICATIVE COMPETENCE (06 marks)

E. Tenses and forms : Fill in the gaps with the right tense and form of the words in brackets. (1.5pts)

Many children.....(17)(**to abduct**) in recent years. This is not only due to the lack of vigilance of some parents, but also to the laxity of authorities. Human trafficking.....(18)(**not / to be**) eradicated unless African governments strengthen police borders. We would rather they.....(19)(**to equip**) policemen, gendarmes, and soldiers with sophisticated materials.

F. Asking and tag questions : Complete this interview meaningfully with questions or tags. (1.5pts)

Situation : A journalist is interviewing Ms Coumba Gawlo Seck, the UNODC Goodwill Ambassador against trafficking in persons and smuggling of migrants in Senegal.

Journalist : Thank you for accepting the interview despite your busy schedule.

Coumba : My pleasure.

Journalist :?(20)

Coumba : I've been the UNODC Goodwill Ambassador against trafficking in persons and smuggling of migrants in Senegal for two years now.

Journalist : It is a very difficult task,.....?(21)

Coumba : Of course it is. It can happen that we go to remote villages with no electricity supply.

Journalist : You visited the gold mining site of Kédougou in 2017,.....?(22)

Coumba : Yes. I went to Kédougou on 27 March 2017. UNODC organized a campaign to raise awareness on sexual exploitation of girls and women at the gold panning sites.

G. Connectors : Complete the passage with suitable words from the box below. (1.5pts)

so that – though – consequently – and

It is not easy to identify traffickers,.....(23) this allows them to smuggle children into Senegal.(24), it is up to decision makers to provide police borders with the materials they need.....(25) they could do their job correctly.

H. Word building : Fill in the blanks with the right form of the words in brackets. (1.5pts)

Because of the (**porous**)=.....(26) of African borders, traffickers and (**smuggle**)=.....(27) continue to carry out their activities. So there is (**urgent**)=.....(28) to keep a watchful eye on frontiers.

III. WRITING : Choose one topic and write about 150-200 words on it. (06 marks)

Topic 1 : Write a letter to the Secretary of the Interior to tell him about the difficult living conditions of children and women at the gold panning sites in Kédougou. Urge him to find quick solutions.

Topic 2 : According to you, what are the causes and consequences of human trafficking? What solutions do you propose to eradicate it?

Topic 3 : One of your friends usually smuggles migrants into foreign countries. You would prefer him to stop that activity. Write down your conversation.

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GOOD LUCK!